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Universal Principles of Design

- Whether a marketing campaign or a museum exhibit, a video game or a complex control system, the design we see is the culmination of many concepts and practices brought together from a variety of disciplines. Because no one can be an expert on everything, designers have always had to scramble to find the information and know-how required to make a design work—until now.
- *Universal Principles of Design, Revised and Updated* is a comprehensive, cross-disciplinary encyclopedia of design. Richly illustrated and easy to navigate, it pairs clear explanations of every design concept with visual examples of the concepts applied in practice. From the “80/20” rule to chunking, from baby-face bias to Occam’s razor, and from self-similarity to storytelling, every major design concept is defined and illustrated for readers to expand their knowledge.
- This landmark reference will become the standard for designers, engineers, architects, and students who seek to broaden and improve their design expertise.



The gist of universal principles of design:

- **How can I influence the way a design is perceived?**
 - Affordance
 - Alignment
 - Closure
 - Color
 - Common fate
 - Consistency
 - Constancy
 - Face-ism ratio
 - Figure-ground relationship
 - Five hat racks
 - Good continuation
 - Gutenberg diagram
 - Highlighting
 - Iconic representation
 - Interference effects
 - Law of Prägnaz
 - Layering
 - Legibility
 - Mapping
 - Orientation sensitivity
 - Proximity
 - Signal-to-noise ratio
 - Threat detection
 - Three-dimensional projection
 - Top-down lighting bias
 - Uniform connectedness
 - Visibility



- **How can I help people learn from a design?**
 - Accessibility
 - Advance organizer
 - Chunking
 - Classical conditioning
 - Comparison
 - Depth of processing
 - Exposure effect
 - Forgiveness
 - Garbage in—garbage out
 - Hierarchy
 - Immersion
 - Interference effects
 - Inverted pyramid
 - Layering legibility
 - Mental model
 - Mnemonic device
 - Operant conditioning
 - Performance load
 - Picture superiority effect
 - Progressive disclosure
 - Readability
 - Recognition over recall
 - Serial position effects
 - Shaping
 - Signal-to-noise ratio
 - Storytelling
 - Von Restorff effect



- **How can I enhance the usability of a design?**
 - 80/20 rule
 - Accessibility
 - Aesthetic-usability effect
 - Affordance
 - Confirmation
 - Consistency
 - Constraint
 - Control
 - Cost-benefit
 - Entry point
 - Error
 - Fitts' law
 - Forgiveness
 - Hick's law
 - Hierarchy
 - Iconic representation
 - Immersion
 - Interference effects
 - Inverted pyramid
 - Layering mapping
 - Mental model
 - Mimicry
 - Performance load
 - Progressive disclosure
 - Readability
 - Recognition over recall
 - Signal-to-noise ratio
 - Visibility
 - Wayfinding



- **How can I increase the appeal of a design?**
 - Aesthetic-usability effect
 - Alignment
 - Archetypes
 - Attractiveness bias
 - Baby-face bias
 - Classical conditioning
 - Cognitive dissonance
 - Color
 - Defensible space
 - Entry point
 - Exposure effect
 - Face-ism ratio
 - Fibonacci sequence
 - Framing
 - Golden ratio
 - Mimicry
 - Most average facial appearance effect
 - Operant conditioning
 - Prospect-refuge
 - Rule of thirds
 - Savanna preference
 - Self-similarity
 - Signal-to-noise ratio
 - Similarity
 - Storytelling
 - Symmetry
 - Top-down lighting bias
 - Waist-to-hip ratio



- **How can I make better design decisions?**
 - 80/20 rule
 - Accessibility
 - Comparison
 - Convergence
 - Cost-benefit
 - Development cycle
 - Errors
 - Expectation effect
 - Factor of safety
 - Feedback loop
 - Flexibility-usability tradeoff
 - Form follows function
 - Garbage in—garbage out
 - Hierarchy of needs
 - Iteration
 - Life cycle
 - Modularity
 - Normal distribution
 - Ockham's razor
 - Performance versus preference
 - Prototyping
 - Redundancy
 - Satisficing
 - Scaling fallacy
 - Structural forms
 - Uncertainty principle
 - Weakest link